

INCOME TAX BILL
ENFORCES ITSELFSENATOR GORDON SAYS IT IS
SELF EXECUTING.

So the Tax Payers Will Have to Live Up to Its Provisions—Rumor at the Capital that an Extra Session Will Be Called for March Fifth.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—[Special].—Senator Gordon said today that the income tax was self-executing and according to provisions the tax payers will be compelled to pay the taxes. It is rumored that President Cleveland will call an extra session for March 5. The attendance was slim in the house yesterday. On motion of Mr. Sickles of New York, by unanimous consent, the senate bill was passed to pay the widow of Orasmus P. Boyd, late captain of the Eighth United States cavalry, commutation for rations and accrued back pay earned during his voluntary service.

The bill to pay William Johnson, administrator of Thomas I. Johnson, deceased, of Fayette county, Tenn., \$13,000, the amount found to be due him by the Court of Claims for stores confiscated during the war, was called up, leading to a long debate on the justice of the southern war claims, which finally drifted into a discussion of the number of loyal persons in the south during the war. On account of opposition manifested Mr. Enloe finally withdrew the bill.

At 4 o'clock the house took a recess until evening.

The feature of the night session of the house was the debate which grew out of the attempt of Mr. Springer (dem., Ill.) to pass a bill granting \$100 a month to Major-General John A. McClernand. Mr. Jones (dem., Va.) insisted upon making the point of no quorum. Mr. Springer, in a heated speech, lectured those of his southern democratic colleagues who constantly assumed an attitude of hostility toward the pensioning of Union soldiers.

Mr. Pence (pop., Colo.) in an earnest speech appealing to Mr. Jones to withdraw his point, spoke of the well known, distinguished, patriotic services of Gen. McClernand, when Mr. Mr. Waugh (rep., Ind.) asked if the beneficiary of this bill was the same Gen. John A. McClernand who was relieved from command before Vicksburg by Gen. Grant for unsoldierly conduct, and of whom Gen. Halleck said it was premeditated murder to place him in command. Mr. Marsh, admitting the fact, claimed it had been proved Gen. Grant's action in the case was a mistake. The discussion was prolonged for more than an hour, but Mr. Springer was finally forced to withdraw the bill. But even after the bill had been withdrawn Mr. Champ Clark (dem., Mo.) made a fiery speech denouncing his southern colleagues for their action on this measure. Scenes of great excitement were the result, and the speaker had much difficulty in preserving order. After passing two bills the house, at 10:30, adjourned.

IN THE SENATE.

Bill of New York on Constitutionality of
Income Tax.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The senate was called to order yesterday by Mr. Harris (dem., Tennessee), who was on Thursday elected president pro tem.

On motion of Mr. Cockrell (dem., Mo.), the senate took up the urgent deficiency bill, and Mr. Hill (dem., N. Y.), spoke in behalf of his amendment to the appropriation for collecting the income tax to allow an opportunity to test the constitutionality of the law.

Mr. Hill said that a serious ambiguity in the law was, what assessment or whose assessment is to be final? Is the taxpayer to have any appeal or the commissioner? There was nothing in any section of the income tax law of 1894 that authorized a suit against the tax collector or any one else to recover back taxes illegally exacted. This, he asserted, was one of the most important questions in this discussion. It was the duty of the senate to remove the ambiguities in the law while the matter was before it. The senator also questioned the right of congress under the constitution to tax the income from notes, bonds, or other securities issued by states or minor divisions of states.

He conceded the general rule to be that there ought to be an appropriation to carry out the existing law. Mr Hill reminded the senate that he had said the income tax provision had been placed in the bill to suit certain senators, certain members of congress, not to carry out a single democratic doctrine. It had never been declared to be a democratic doctrine by any national convention of the party. Mr. Hill said the late election was a condemnation of the income tax.

Mr. Hill was followed by Mr. Dubois, who, in supporting the appropriation for the income tax, made a silver speech, outlining the position of the silver men. Nothing but unlimited coinage of silver would satisfy the silver men or right present conditions, he said, and insisted that there could be no currency without liberal provisions for silver.

Mr. Sherman (rep., Ohio) said he had listened with pleasure to Mr. Hill's speech and agreed with him in the main, that the income tax was inquisitorial and unjust, and that it perhaps ought to be repealed. He thought

every citizen had the unquestionable right to raise the question by a suit at law in the courts. The senate had no moral right to refuse the appropriation. The best way to reform the law was to enforce it. If the senate failed to appropriate the money necessary to carry the law into effect it failed to do its duty. There was no justification in withholding the appropriation; such a course was destructive of forms of legislation.

Mr. Morgan (dem., Ala.) raised a point of order against the amendment, holding that it was general legislation on a general appropriation bill, and the chair so ruled. The senate then went into executive session and at 5:30 p. m. adjourned.

NEW CURRENCY BILL.

Senator Vest of Missouri Introduces a Measure.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The defeat of the original Carlisle currency scheme in the house has not destroyed the desire to reform the financial system by any manner of means. While the subject has been temporarily dropped in the house it has not in the senate. Senator Vest of Missouri, one of the leading members of the finance committee, has produced a bill to reform the currency and the coinage at the same time. He proposes in effect to retire all the outstanding paper and to substitute in its place coin notes. These are to be redeemed in either gold or silver, according to circumstances. When there is less than \$100,000,000 of gold on hand the notes are redeemable in silver only. When the gold reserve is over the statutory amount of \$100,000,000 the coin notes are redeemable in either gold or silver at the option of the secretary of the treasury.

Provision is also made for a 3 per cent bond to be issued from time to time only in such quantities as are necessary to bring the gold reserve up to the hundred million notch again. These bonds are to be paid for only in gold. Mr. Vest's opposition provides for the unlimited coinage of silver, but allows the government to retain the seigniorage as its profit in the transaction. The bill finds favor with many senators, but is bitterly criticised by others as dangerous to the best interests of the country.

BIMETALLIST PARTY

Say That Nothing Can Be Expected from Old Parties.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Gen. A. J. Warner, president of the American Bimetallic league, said yesterday that a conference of leading bimetallists from different parts of the country had been held in this city recently. In this connection he said:

"It was the decision of the conference that a strong and growing sentiment is manifesting itself in favor of uniting the friends of bimetalism in a bimetallic party, and to appeal directly to the people on the money question alone. The consideration which seems to be leading to this result is the widespread conviction that there is no hope of restoring the bimetallic standard through the republican party—nor through the democratic party as that party is now controlled. And, on the other hand, that it is equally impossible to accomplish this result within the lines of the populist party, or to unite on the Omaha platform those in favor of restoring the bimetallic standard as it was before 1873, and on government control of the money."

MPHERSON'S CURRENCY BILL.

It Provides for a Bond Issue and Coinage of the Seigniorage.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Senator McPherson of New Jersey proposed a bill in the senate yesterday which represents the eastern view on the currency question. It provides for the issue of 3 per cent bonds for the purpose of carrying into effect the resumption act of 1875, the bonds to be payable at the pleasure of the government after five years. Another section provides for the coinage of the silver seigniorage to the amount of \$55,000,000 to be paid for public expenses as needed, but nothing in the bill shall change the law relating to treasury notes now outstanding. A section of the bill authorizes the secretary of the treasury in lieu of the issue of the bonds to require one half of the customs duties to be paid in gold, gold certificates, or United States government notes. All national banks are to be allowed to issue currency to the full par value of the bonds deposited.

Expenditures Exceed the Receipts.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—A treasury statement issued yesterday shows the expenditures so far this month exceed receipts by \$6,213,743, which makes the deficiency for the fiscal year up to date \$53,778,204. Of the total receipts so far this month, \$7,397,244 was from customs, \$3,017,947 from internal revenue, and \$569,111 from miscellaneous sources. The total receipts from June 30 are \$170,273,760, and the disbursements \$204,051,968.

Bandits Try to Hold Up a Train.

CARROLLTON, Miss., Jan. 12.—An attempt was made at Indianola, Miss., forty-five miles west of here, to hold up the Southern railway east bound passenger train, but the engineer steamed by the bandits. A fusillade of shots was fired at the moving train and Charles H. Moorhead was wounded in the neck. The would-be train robbers are thought to be no more.

FOR RENT—Th five rooms over Mrs Woodstock's store. They have been refitted for offices and are in first class shape.

BACK FROM HEAVEN
MISS SIMOND CAMEPECULIAR CASE MYSTIFIES
RICHLAND CENTER DOCTORS.

Young Lady Who Was Bitten By a Dog Thinks She Is Just Back From the Final Home and Tells What She Saw—They Think It Is Hysteria.

RICHLAND CENTER, Jan. 12.—A strange case is occupying the attention of the physicians here. The patient, Miss Cora Simonds of Plover, is a young woman about 23 years of age. As she was bitten by a dog about two years ago and from her symptoms of barking and frothing at the mouth it was thought at first she had hydrophobia, but as her case develops it seems more probable that she has hysteria. She seems to have an inspiration of all that is taking place in the village. She says she has died and gone to heaven, talked to her loved ones who have gone before, seen the angels and returned to earth again. The physicians are puzzled over her case and are unable to determine just what her complaint is.

R. J. DUN'S WEEK'S REVIEW.

No Material Change in the Situation of Trade Is Reported.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Neither the beginning of the new year nor the failure of the currency bill has brought any material change to business as yet. There has not been much time for change in the industries, but differences observed since the year began are not in the direction of higher prices or larger demand. There are more indications than of late that stocks of different kinds of goods have been accumulating in consequence of past increase in production.

The weekly output of pig iron Jan. 1, reckoning in some furnaces only temporarily out of blast for the holidays or repairs, was 168,414 tons, against 168,762 Dec. 1, showing practically no change. But stock of unsold pig increased during the month about 20,000 tons weekly so that actual consumption in the manufacture seems to have been about 148,000 tons against 157,000 in November. In any case the industry is doing vastly better than a year ago, when the output was less than 100,000 tons, but indications of excess of production over demand are found in further weakness of prices.

Low prices at Pittsburgh have checked business at the west, and are attributed by some to the idea of purchasers that the recent reductions in wages and cost of materials must be followed by still lower prices. But the main fact is that consumption is below expectations. The demand for dress goods has been remarkably satisfactory until within two weeks, but has fallen off. Sales of wool, 5,336,715 pounds, against 5,805,500 two years ago, indicate hopefulness among manufacturers.

Speculation in products has been more active. Corn has risen 1½ cents, and though receipts are but little over half last year's, the practical disappearance of the export demand, then large, counts for about as much. Little attention is paid to the government report that the yield was only 5,213,000,000 bushels, and the advanced state for wheat, 462,367,415 bushels, was treated as equally unimportant. As receipts of wheat have fallen to 1,305,704 bushels, against 1,818,582 bushels last year and Atlantic exports have become larger than a year ago, the advance of one and one fourth cents in price is not surprising. Cotton is so low that scarcely any reason is needed for a fractional recovery, but with 7,000,000 bales already in sight and the stocks abroad enormous there is little to cause much recovery.

Failures this week are 420 in the United States, against 471 last year, and 54 in Canada, against 57 last year.

ILLINOIS LEGISLATORS.

Minor Doings in the House and Senate Friday.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 12.—When Lieutenant Governor Gill called the senate to order yesterday there were only twelve members in their seats. A joint resolution from the house providing for the printing of 5,000 copies of the governor's message was concurred in. Senator Crawford made a motion, which was carried, that when the senate adjourn it stand adjourned until 5 o'clock Monday evening. The following bills were introduced: By Littler—Appropriating the unexpended balance turned over by the World's Fair commission to the state board of agriculture. There is about \$90,000 of this money, and the bill provides that it shall be used in completing the state fair grounds at Springfield. Appropriating \$9,666 to repave half the streets around the state capital and executive mansion grounds. Licensing plumbers.

By Niehaus—To legalize elections not in conformation with the Australian law which otherwise confirmed with the law. For the issue of bonds to the extent of 2-1/2 per cent on the valuation of 1891 to acquire parks and lands for that purpose and to limit the tax for the same to 6 mills. The senate then adjourned.

Thomas H. Carter for Senator.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 12.—Thomas H. Carter was nominated last night for senator by the republican caucus.

STREET CAR BARN
GO UP IN SMOKESERIOUS FIRE AT LIMA, OHIO,
THIS MORNING.

All the Buildings of the Lima Street Railway Company and a Number of Cars that Were Stored Therein Destroyed—The Loss Will Reach \$50,000.

LIMA, O., Jan. 13.—[Special].—The electric street railway building and a number of cars were burned this morning, and the loss will be heavy, probably \$50,000.

PRIESTS FIGHT A DUEL.

Sensational Tragedy Occurs at Town of Parras, Mexico.

PALLA, Mexico, Jan. 12.—News comes from Parras of a duel unto death with knives between two Catholic priests. Parras has two parishes, one administered to by Father Brionne and the other by Father Floria. Jealousy has for a long time existed between the two priests over the religious duties. A terrible duel with knives has occurred between them and Father Brionne is dying and Father Floria is behind prison walls.

To Test the Income Tax Law.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—An income tax test case has been begun in the United States Circuit court here. Application was made yesterday by solicitors for Louis H. Hyde to restrain the Continental Trust company of New York from furnishing the collector of internal revenue with lists, statements, or other information regarding securities, moneys, or valuables held by the trust company in trust, for the purposes of taxation under the provisions of the income tax law. The argument holds the law to be unconstitutional, in that it imposes a tax upon income not taxable under the constitution, and likewise on income derived from stocks and bonds of the states and counties and municipalities therein, not proper subjects of the taxing power of congress.

Kai Ping Captured.

YOKOHAMA, Jan. 12.—An official dispatch received here to-day states that the division of the Japanese army commanded by Major-Gen. Nogri commenced an attack on Kai Ping at 5:30 o'clock yesterday morning. The fighting continued four hours, at the end of which time the town was in the hands of the Japanese. The Chinese fled toward Hai Shaksai, with Japanese in not pursuit. Large numbers were killed on each side, but the total loss is unknown. The first Japanese army, while moving its headquarters to Shen Yven, warmly welcomed by the inhabitants, who manifested a strong desire to remain under Japanese rule.

Tight Rope Walker Falls.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 12.—Alfred Dugay, a tight rope walker, attempted to walk from topmast to mainmast on the steamer Islander in the presence of several thousand people. The guy ropes were rotten and gave way. Dugay pitched headlong to the deck, forty feet below. He is still unconscious and may die.

Alleged Train Wrecker Acquitted.

WOODLAND, Cal., Jan. 12.—James Appleman, on trial for complicity in the wrecking of a Southern Pacific train near Sacramento, July 11, during the railway strike, was last night acquitted after a long and bitter trial. One of the train wreckers, Samuel Worden, is under sentence of death for the same offense.

Mrs. Eustis Honored.

PARIS, Jan. 12.—At the grand diplomatic dinner given Thursday night at the Palace of the Elysee by President Casimir-Perier ninety-five guests were present. The assemblage was a brilliant one. Lady Dufferin, wife of the British ambassador, sat at the right of the president, and Mrs. Eustis, wife of the American ambassador, sat at his left.

Denounce "Living Pictures."

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 12.—The Arapahoe County Woman's Christian Temperance union has adopted resolutions denouncing the exhibition of "living pictures" now being given in this city, and a committee has been appointed to ask the city council to suppress such spectacles.

Emigrants by the Thousands.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—John E. Moore, landing agent at Ellis Island, has completed his report for 1894. It shows that during the year 92,561 cabin passengers arrived and 186,164 steerage passengers landed at Ellis island.

Mouse Nest in a Skull.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 12.—The body of an unknown man was found in Golden Gate park, near the Cliff house, last night, and when it was taken to the coroner's office it was discovered that mice had made a nest in the skull.

French Defeat the Hovas.

TAMATAVE, Dec. 28.—The French have bombarded Fara-Fatra, about four miles inland from Tamatave. The Hovas answered with seven guns, but the French were successful and the Hovas retired with heavy loss.

Lady Sassoon Dead.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Jewish Chronicle announces the death in India of Lady Sassoon, wife of Sir Albert Sassoon, the well-known merchant and banker of Bombay.

COLD ALL AROUND US

Thermometer Averages 10 Below In
Central States.

CHICAGO, Jan. 12.—[Special].—The mercury averages ten degrees below zero in the Central states.

PEORIA, Ill., Jan. 12.—The thermometer last night reached 10 degrees below zero.

MOBILE, Ill., Jan. 12.—The worst blizzard of the season struck this vicinity yesterday morning. The mercury fell 23 degrees during the day. A blinding snow storm was raging.

FAIRBURY, Ill., Jan. 12.—The worst blizzard of the season prevailed here yesterday. The thermometer fell below zero with prospects of a still further fall.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Jan. 12.—A blizzard prevailed here all yesterday afternoon and night. It snowed fiercely and at night the mercury registered 12 degrees below zero.

ELGIN, Ill., Jan. 12.—The worst blizzard of the season arrived here yesterday, accompanied by a heavy snowfall. At 7 o'clock in the evening the mercury touched zero and is still going down.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Jan. 12.—A blizzard raged here yesterday, causing the temperature to drop during the afternoon 16 degrees. At 7 o'clock the thermometer registered zero, with indications of its being much colder.

BITTER WINTER IN NEBRASKA

Suffering Marks the Tenth Anniversary of the Great Blizzard.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 12.—The thermometer in this city yesterday registered a fall of 26 degrees, and at night it was 15 degrees below zero, with a gale which the instruments at the weather bureau indicates is coursing over the Nebraska prairies at the rate of fifty miles per hour. This is Nebraska's severest touch of weather, and there are well grounded fears it will have a terrible effect in those portions of the state where destitution reigns supreme and fuel is confined to dried grass and other less substantial material. But the stock, what little the famine has left, will be the great sufferers. In many places in the state fine hard snow accompanies the frightful wind and drives the cattle before it like leaves. No living thing unprotected can live in that blast, and all stock which fails to secure shelter will perish. The advance of the freezing blasts marks the anniversary of the great Nebraska blizzard, which occurred just seven years ago to-day, and there is every reason to believe this seventh anniversary will be marked by suffering in the isolated districts even more terrible.

SUFFERING IN IOWA TOWNS.

Cold Wave Comes Suddenly and Finds People Unprepared.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Jan. 12.—Central Iowa was treated to the worst blizzard of the season yesterday. At 6 o'clock in the morning everything was peaceful in the atmosphere except a light snow was falling. Before 7 o'clock the wind began to blow a blizzard and the thermometer to fall. In six hours the mercury fell from 22 degrees above to 8 degrees belows. It has continued falling and at night was 16 degrees and it will likely go lower. The storm was so sudden, following on mild weather, that many families found themselves short of fuel, and the coal offices have been besieged. From different parts of the state comes the news of much suffering on account of the storm. In the open country the wind seems to have blown almost a hurricane. This cold snap is really the first bitter weather of the winter and if continued will cause much suffering.

Storm Worth Millions to Wisconsin.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 12.—The blizzard which swept over Wisconsin yesterday is worth millions of dollars to the state, as it makes it certain all of the timber which was burned over last summer and fall will be saved. Unless the timber is taken out this winter it will be lost and the lumber owners will pour an army of men into the pineries at once. It will require the employment of at least 15,000 extra men to make up for lost time. At 9 o'clock last night it was 2 degrees zero here and it is growing steadily colder. Green Bay, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Neenah, Appleton, Marinette, Hurley, Rhinelander, Antigo, Wausau, Marshfield, Chippewa Falls, Prentice, Spooner, and all of the logging camps of the north report heavy snow and excessive cold.

Worst Is to Come in Michigan.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 12.—The first heavy snowfall of the season, which began at a late hour Thursday night continued until yesterday, when fully nine inches lay on the ground. At intervals during the day it continued to fall and at a late hour last night again started in vigorously. Weather officer Evans reports a severe blizzard descending on this territory, which will arrive some time to-day. In all portions of the state the snowfall has been general, and in the northern part has caused rejoicing among the lumbermen, who are for the first time this winter able to draw their logs out of the woods.

Elkins Is Unanimously Named.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 12.—In caucus attended by every republican member of the legislature last night Stephen B. Elkins was nominated by acclamation to succeed Camden in the United States senate.

BUILDING FEL IN
BURYING MANY MENBAD ACCIDENT IN NEW YORK
CITY.

Big Block That Was In the Course of Construction on West Twenty-Sixth Street Fell and Carried a Score of Workmen Down in the Wreck.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—[Special].—A new building on Twenty-Sixth street in the course of construction fell this morning burying a number of men. It is not known yet how many were killed.

PAYING OFF THE DEBT.

Indiana State Finances Reported in Good Shape.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 12.—Gov. Matthews' message to the legislature yesterday was very long and dealt with many topics. The message contained about fifteen thousand words. It says that the state has left an era of debt making and gone into an era of debt paying. He expresses the opinion that a reduction of 2 per cent in the school tax levy might be made and says that in the last two years no money has been borrowed by the state; all payments have been promptly met and \$1,310,000 has been paid on the state debt. The Roby Columbia Athletic club trouble is reviewed and the enactment of a more stringent law governing prize fighting is urged. The law should make it a felony to act either as principal or second. The advertising of a fight should be made punishable by fine.

The message gives a brief review of the coal miners' strike last year and defends his action with quelling the riots with state troops. The 750 Indiana troops in the strike cost the state \$52,297 and this amount the legislature is asked to provide. The message commends the support of the Loyal Legion and the G. A. R. in their prompt offer for service to suppress the strike trouble. Gov. Matthews laid great stress upon the fact that sheriffs often fail to do their duty. In this connection he advised the enactment of stringent laws directed against sheriffs who fail to perform their full duty. Winter racing is deplored by the governor, and a law forbidding meetings between Nov. 1 and April 1 is advocated. Whitecapism is decreasing, and the belief is expressed a strict enforcement of present laws will finally eradicate it. Relative to ship canals the message recommends Indiana representatives in congress be urged to secure from the general government a survey for a ship canal connecting Lake Michigan with the Ohio river. The legislature is also asked to pass a joint resolution calling upon Indiana United States senators by a direct vote of the people.

The legislature has started in to probe the management of the state offices. The second day's session of the senate had hardly begun when Senator Haggard of Lafayette introduced a resolution calling for an investigation of ex-Attorney-General Green Smith's official conduct. The resolution was made a special order of business Monday. It is an omnibus affair, and includes, besides the ex-attorney-general, Mr. Bailey and Mr. Voris, Secretary of State Myers and his deputy, Auditor of State Henderson, and the bureau of statistics. Another important step was taken by Senator Wray of Shelby county, who produced a sensation by introducing a bill on the pass question. The bill provides a heavy penalty for any state or municipal officers who shall accept a pass at the hands of a railway company. It is thought the measure will pass.

MAY INVOLVE OTHERS.

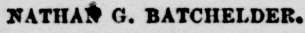
South Dakota Funds Said to Have Been

Used to Bolster Up Private Interests. PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 12.—The Taylor trouble increases with every day. It now bids fair to involve some of the other state officials and there are well defined rumors of revelations to be made which will show a condition only less shocking than the treasurer's defalcation. It is understood that another official, having the custody of very large sums of state money, was concerned with Taylor in the beginning of the trouble and that he has misused the funds in an equally illegitimate manner. The officials are now investigating the matter and they expect within a day or two to make some important disclosures. The legislature has appointed a committee to make a thorough investigation, and it is likely a condition of rottenness will be discovered which will shake the state as even the story of Taylor's downfall has not done.

Record Weather in the Northwest.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 12.—A sharp and unexpected drop in temperature and a strong wind made yesterday and last night the coldest and most disagreeable period of the season. The same conditions prevail all over the northwest. The temperature ranges from 16 to 25 below in Minnesota and the Dakotas, and has dropped to 46 below at Prince Albert. The worst storm of the winter raged all day at Duluth and along the Mesaba and Vermillion iron ranges, accompanied by light snow. The temperature was 14 degrees below at Duluth, and is expected to drop to 23 degrees. Business is practically at a standstill on account of the storm.

The Sure Cure is Dr. Greene's Nervura. Weak Kidneys, Weak Nerves, and Poor Blood Always Accompany Rheumatism. They Can All Be Cured by Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy.



"I was about as bad a used up man

Ostend has finally decided to permit gambling tables to be maintained at the Kursaal, though the lessees are taxed heavily for the privilege. What with engagements to pay large specified sums to the hospitals and the town charities, the undertaking to pay half the town taxes and cost of keeping the establishment lighted and in repair, the rent will amount to at least \$125,000 a year for a season which normally lasts six or seven weeks. The privilege is granted for nine years from 1895.

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THIS DAY IN HISTORY

1519—Maximilian I, emperor of Germany, died.
 1737—John Hancock, statesman and "signer," born in Quincy, Mass.; died 1793.
 1801—John C. Lavater, writer on physiognomy, died at Zurich.
 1874—Surrender of Cartagena, Spain; the Carlist war assumed serious proportions.
 1875—Thomas E. Bramlette, JOHN HANCOCK, war governor of Kentucky, died; born 1817.
 1891—Baron Georges Eugenie Haussman, famous engineer, died in Paris.



BUT ONE CURE FOR STRIKES.

Henry Perry Robinson, editor of The Railway Age, contributes a very able article to the January number of the Forum, on "The Humiliating Report of the Strike Commission." Mr. Robinson criticized the report when first published and he now denounces it as unworthy of a place among the public documents of the country. He insists that a thorough analysis of the report reveals sympathy for or at least tolerance with anarchy and socialism and incites to discontent and violence.

The strike of last July unlike any other in the history of the country disclosed to all thinking minds the alarming fact that lying close to the surface was an unreasoning element who only needed the bidding of crafty leadership, to transform them from law abiding to law defying citizens. These conditions did not develop in a day nor was the Pullman strike responsible for them. The panic of 1893 with the weary months of idleness and suffering resulting in discontent and frequently despair, transformed patient laborers into a mob demanding recognition, and defying law. The Coxey movement was another feature of the same spirit of unrest and discontent, alike dangerous because of sentimental sympathy created.

The strike commission was simply a subterfuge to divert public attention and satisfy in a measure the demands of labor. There is but one cure for strikes and labor disturbances and that is work. Idleness, and especially enforced idleness, breeds discontent and the long train of ills that result. The only practical remedy that a strike commission can suggest is employment, and this is beyond the ability of a democratic administration to provide. When public confidence is fully restored under the stimulus of intelligent legislation, and the wheels of machinery respond to the touch of contented labor there will be no occasion for commissions.

HAVE GIVEN UP OUR ADVANTAGE.

In shutting out American beef European nations simply are pursuing a policy of retaliation, because of the abrogation of the reciprocity treaties under which they enjoyed certain advantages in our markets. Those treaties were negotiated by a republican administration upon the theory that the best way to extend our foreign trade was to swap favors with other nations in the adjustment of tariff duties. Mr. Blaine urged with characteristic force the importance of taking care to secure a favor in return for every one granted in that relation, and not to throw away the chances thus presented for enlarging our commerce. That was the purpose of the reciprocity policy incorporated in the McKinley law; and in pursuance of that policy, a number of treaties were made which opened new markets for our products and materially promoted the interests of our farmers, merchants and manufacturers. When the present tariff law was passed, the treaties were repudiated, and the result is seen in these various acts of retaliation.

SHORTAGE IS INEVITABLE.

There is not enough revenue at present to meet the necessity of the government; and this is what causes the gold reserve to decrease. No kind of currency reform can change this situation. An increase of the circulation, or an alteration of its character, will not put more money into the treasury to pay the public expenses. It is not the currency that makes borrowing necessary, but the monthly shortage of revenue, but this shortage is attributable to democratic monkeying with the tariff and the finances.

LET THE LINES BE DRAWN.

It is only just to state that the foes of free silver would rejoice as much as any of its friends to see a fair fight made on this issue. An honest, rigid alignment of the people on this question, leaving all other issues for the time in the background, would tell the country the exact strength of the free silver forces. Undoubtedly

this revelation would give more aid and comfort to the enemies than to the advocates of this policy. There is a vague and absurd notion, which has been fostered by featherheads and demagogues throughout the country, that the west and south are practically solid for free silver. A square contest on this issue would unquestionably give the quietus to this opinion. Senator Stewart or any other man, silverite or other, who brings about a rigid drawing of party lines on this question will deserve well of his country.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

We will give the above reward to any person producing substantial evidence that we are not selling the Marzluff & Co's. make of shoes at factory cost.

BROWN BROS. & LINCOLN.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Most Perfect Made

An inventor has devised a child's swing which will work the well pump as the child swings.

The will of a Bavarian woman, recently probated, provides that 50,000 marks be set apart from her estate to help the cause of universal peace.

Hands Off.

Why try to press back a side ache with your hand, as so many do, when an

Allcock's

Porous Plaster

will not only relieve the pain but prevent its return. The best remedy known for weak back, strains, sprains, lameness and all local pains.

Bear in Mind—Not one of the host of counterfeits and imitations is as good as the genuine.

Allcock's Corn Shields,

Allcock's Bunion Shields.

Have no equal as a relief and cure for corns and bunions.

Brandreth's Pills.

A safe and sure remedy for diseases arising from impurity of the blood.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—A new house with all modern improvements, in a desirable location. Dr. Sutherland.

FOR RENT—Furnished room at 160 Prospect avenue.

MISCELLANEOUS

MONEY to loan, E. C. BURDICK.

SPECIAL Sale of olive oil soap this week at Heimstreets drug store, just half price, get a cake at this price.

FOR SALE—A beautiful music box. All the new music of the day can be played, something new. Call and hear it at Heimstreet's.

FOR SALE—Store show case at Heimstreet's.

FOUND—Near the ostrich farm, a young live alligator, very lively, can be seen at Heimstreets drug store.

WANTED.

WANTED—Boarders at 165 North Jackson street.

WANTED—Two canvassers who can sell pie-tures. Apply at once at 9 South Main street. J. L. Griffith.

WANTED—Board and room in private family. All modern conveniences. State price. F. O. Box 1503.

A fine residence lot 4 by 8 rods on Main street, fronting car line and water main, with \$600 will be sold now to provide for a financial emergency for \$400. This price for a limited time only. C. E. Bowles.

WANTED—Man of business experience to travel. Situation permanent. John G. McGregor, 1130-1140 Caxton Building, Chicago, Ill.

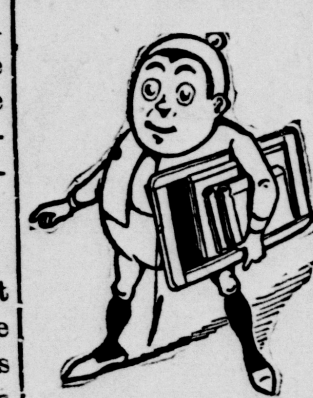
SPICER BROS.,
GENERAL MACHINISTS

16 S. River Street.

Pulleys, Shafting, Hangers, Saw Arbors
 And all Machine Supplies. Engines,
 Bicycles, Lawn Mowers Repaired
 on Short Notice

Return Flue Self-Cleaning Damper warranted to save 25 to 50 per cent of fuel and make more heat in any kind of stove. If after ten days trial it does not prove this warrant the Damper will be taken back and money refunded. Call and see them.

WE ARE CARRYING



TOO MUCH

Underwear,

TOO MANY

Gloves, Mittens, Caps, and Heavy Weight Goods.

You will do well and make a few cents by purchasing of us from now until March.

Suits and Overcoats.

at away down prices. We want to keep our tailors busy during the months of January and February and will make extremely low

prices. Let us play even you get the profit, we the cost. Fall in and let us help you out.



YOURS TRULY,

KNEFF & ALLEN,
TRUTH, TELLERS.

BIGGEST SALE OF 95.

COME QUICK TO GET PICK—NOTHING OLD IN THIS SALE

On separate tables we've put a line of men's suits that sold all season for all prices up to \$20.00

some \$12 — some \$15 —

some \$18 — some \$20 —

They are all makes—sacks, double

and single breasted, cutaways and square box styles.

Cheviots, in blue and black fancy Cassimeres, Meltons, Etc., Etc. They are not complete in sizes in all the lots, but we have all sizes on the tables.

Your Choice \$7.00.

They will go so fast that they won't last.

On other tables we have placed large lines of

Overcoats

That sold all the season some at \$10, some at \$12, some at \$15, and some at \$18—nice, latest style coats, medium and long cut in

Meltons, Kerseys, Friezes,Chinchillas, Etc.

ALWAYS SOLD FOR & WORTH ABOVE PRICES.

your choice 6.00

Everything in this sale \$6 and \$7 all B. & K. & Co's own make.

All Sewed With Silk.

All Latest Styles.

You'll Find . . .

. . . Plenty of Bargains in our

Children's Departm't

The largest and finest in the northwest.

THIS SALE MUST BE ACCOMPANIED WITH CASH.

T. J. ZIEGLER,

ED. SMITH, Manager.

Main & Milwaukee Sts.

If you miss it you'll

miss

It



DIVORCE FOR A MAN WHOSE WIFE FLED

W. A. ERICKSON GRANTED
LEGAL RELIEF.

Judgment for \$305.24 From the Fitchburg Railroad Company in Favor of David Jeffris—Value of a Car of Lumber Involved—Brief Local Notes.

INFIDELITY and desertion were charged by M. A. Erickson against his wife Julia L. Erickson before Judge Bennett this afternoon. A judgment of divorce was granted. The parties were married in Chicago in April 1888. Their trouble commenced soon after. They moved to this city, and after living here a year or more, action for divorce was commenced. Defendant did not appear in court, and her place of abode is not known.

EDWIN HOLMES, who has served years as instructor in Valentine's school, will go to Chicago Monday to accept a flattering offer made by the firm he left to come to Janesville. Mr. Holmes has made many friends here. The case which was presented by his pupils last night tells of his popularity in the school, while socially he is warmly regarded by all who have made his acquaintance.

A BURNING chimney, at the house No. 3 South Hickory street, occupied by Dennis Concanannon, caused an alarm of fire to be turned in from box 36 at 4:27 o'clock last evening. The department responded quickly, notwithstanding the severe weather, but found little excuse for the alarm, and no damage.

"Do you actually tell the truth in your ads?" is the question we are often asked. We invariably answer in a strong affirmative. If we did not tell the truth, our business would have been ruined long ago, but on the contrary our business is increasing, and tells. No, we don't lie. Frank Kimball.

We have placed on separate tables all our \$12, \$15, \$18 and \$20 suits, which we propose to close out at \$7 a suit; also on another table all our \$10, \$12, \$15 and \$18 overcoats which we also propose to close out at \$6 a piece. Full description on 4th page. T. J. Ziegler.

THERE will be a meeting for men only at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. The subject is, "The Greatest Position in the World." All men, especially any strangers who are in the city, are most cordially invited.

GEORGE W. BROWN, the cigar man, will go to Seattle, Washington, and engage in the laundry business. Martin G. Curtis, who succeeds Mr. Brown in the cigar store, is a well known and popular young man, and many friends will wish him success in his new enterprise.

Not an old time garment in the stock we are trying to reduce. All suits are 1894 productions fine tailor made and cheap at double what we name. Look for them on the 4th page T. J. Ziegler.

MEMBERS of an East Side cinch club were pleasantly entertained last evening by Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Stanton at their home on Fourth avenue. Prices were won by Mrs. F. J. Myhr, J. L. Jeorg, Mrs. A. C. Jenkins and Charles B. Barnard.

THE Junior Y. M. C. A. will hold a meeting for boys only tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Congregational church chapel. Subject, "The Joy of a Christian Life," John 1, 1-2. Leader, Frank Albertson.

THE Delavan Republican says that Miss Lottie Suessmiltch of that place, is in Janesville, completing arrangements to start on a trip to Italy with Hon. and Mrs. John Winans about Feb. 1.

A JUDGMENT of \$305.24 was rendered in the circuit court this afternoon in favor of David Jeffris against the Fitchburg Railroad Company, being the value of a carload of lumber.

THE Fort Atkinson Union says: "E. R. Inman of Janesville, interviewed H. L. Hoard on Thursday, and talked over old times when they were in company in the sale of bicycles."

It will take us all day Monday to deliver the orders we are taking to-day. Sale continues until 12 o'clock tonight. Leave your order for anything, at cost. A. C. Munger.

THE monthly inspection of the Janesville Light Infantry will take place Thursday evening, January 17 and will be followed by the usual dancing party.

D. K. JEFFIS has purchased the lot opposite Norman L. Carle's Third ward residence and will build a \$5,000 residence. The price paid for the lot was \$1,500.

BULLOCK cheese is the finest cream cheese made, so decided by the farmers at their convention at Milton Junction this week. We handle it. Dunn Bros.

AS MELVIAN Kimball has seat number eighty-four, while E. F. Hansen, of Beloit, has seventy-seven, and S. S. Jones, of Clinton, number ninety-two.

We don't ask you any profit on the Marzuff shoes. We have a new line now being made. Get a pair at the factory cost. Brown Bros. & Lincoln.

PATRICK DORSEY was convicted to-day on charge of drunk and disorderly conduct, and in consequence will spend Sunday at the Appleby House.

THE two Oakland boys who ran away from that place some days ago,

which fact caused the father of one of them to come here in search of them have returned home. When they left Oakland they had but fifty-five cents and a revolver.

EVERYBODY can get groceries tonight, at A. C. Munger's 20 North St. until 12 o'clock and the goods will be delivered Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Conant have returned from La Crosse where they have been spending a week with their daughter, Mrs. Henry Paville.

STRANGELY enough there is not a Presbyterian church in Walworth county, although nineteen other denominations have sanctuaries.

THE Misses Harrington at their home in Forest Park, entertained a few friends last evening in honor of Miss Ida Sweet of Shopiere.

JOHN'S Financial School is a book that will create a profound impression throughout the United States. Only 25 cents at Sutherland's.

THE matter of a charity ball will come before the directors of Oak Lawn hospital at their meeting at the Carrington office tonight.

AMERICA Lodge No. 26, Daughters of Rebekah, I. O. O. meet at Odd Fellows hall, North Main street tonight.

A NUMBER of Janesville people attended the funeral of Mrs. Sally Warner this afternoon in Emerald Grove.

SOME men have to be dunned a great deal before they will even pay their respects according to a local collector.

If you have a cold or cough use Hale's cough cordial. We warrant it to cure you. Prentice & E.enson.

INVITATIONS are out for the annual masquerade of the N. O. W. club, the date being announced as Feb. 5.

JANESVILLE horsemen expect to trot on the ice at Monterey tomorrow. They have had the field scraped.

DR. W. B. METCALF will lead the mass meeting for men at the Y. M. C. A. rooms tomorrow afternoon.

MANAGER STODDARD had a chance to book pugilist Bob Fitzsimmons' company, but he didn't.

DR. EDWIN TAYLOR of Chicago is in the city and will spend Sunday as the guest of E. J. Kent.

WALTER R. JOHNSON and bride returned home from their wedding tour last evening.

HALE's cough cordial will cure your cough. We warrant it. Prentice & E.enson.

THE directors of Oak Lawn hospital will meet at the Carrington office tonight.

Fox Bros' Pantomime and Novelty company appear at the Myers tonight.

WEATHER like this makes the undertaker shake hands with himself.

HON. HAMILTON RICHARDSON will spend the winter in California.

CREPE paper, all colors, and wire shade frames at Wheelock's.

DR. WALKER'S FALL WAS LUCKY. Stepped in front of a Street Car but Escaped With Bruises.

Dr. Alexander Walker had a narrow escape from serious injury last night when he carelessly stepped from the front platform of a street car while it was moving at full speed. He fell in front of the wheel, but the guard was strong enough to shove him from the track and his injuries were confined to a few bruises.

GONE TO THE OTHER SHORE.

William Grunzel.

William Grunzel of Center died of cancer of the stomach last Tuesday.

Rev. Mr. E. Will, the local pastor was unable to officiate at the funeral because of illness and Rev. Charles Spillman of Edgerton, served in his place. The funeral was held at the Center church Thursday afternoon.

Albert Karberg.

Albert, the eight months' old son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Karberg of the town of Harmony, died last evening of inflammation of the bowels. The funeral will be held from the home on the Carter farm, at 1 o'clock Monday afternoon.

"A Summer Blizzard."

Miss Nellie Rosebud, pretty, petite, plump and piquant, leads the "Summer Blizzard Company." She plays the principal role; does a charming specialty that must be seen to be appreciated; sings some new songs just as she can sing them, and that is just right; dances gracefully; acts sprightly as a soubrette should, and is a leader in her field as is demonstrated by the success she has had in past years. Last summer she was the pretty, particular star of the Hagan Opera Company at the Terrace Garden, St. Louis, Mo., so much so that she was demanded at every performance for the ten weeks of the run of the opera. No matter what the opera was, Nellie Rosebud had to be there, either playing the principal comedy role or doing her specialty. The performance was not complete without it. Thursday, January 15.

Too Queer a Product.

A recent book narrates that a party from the west of England was shown over the British museum. In one of the rooms the keeper pointed out a collection of antique vases which had been recently dug up at Herulanum.

"Dug up, sir?" echoed one of the party. "Yes, sir." "What out of the ground?" "Undoubtedly." "What, just as they now are?" "Perhaps some little pains have been taken in cleaning them, but in all other respects they were found just as you see them." The wise man from Somersetshire turned to one of his companions, and with an incredulous shake of the head, whispered: "He may say what he likes, but he shall never persuade me that they dug up ready-made pots out of the ground."

Attention.

Wisconsin Lodge No. 14 I. O. O. F. is requested to meet at lodge room at 12:30 Monday noon to attend the funeral of Brother W. S. Franklin. Members of No. 90 and all visiting members are invited.

W. G. MCINTYRE, N. S.

REV. BOWE POUNDED TILL BLOOD RUNS

PRIESTS' FACE MASHED UP BY
M. H. FORD.

Savage Fist Fight on the Main Street in Edgerton—Peacemakers Do Not Come Along Until Many Hard Blows Have Been Exchanged.

M. H. Ford pounded Rev. Father J. F. Bowe's face into a jelly this morning.

Peacemakers came too late. When they interfered Father Bowe's face was a mass of cuts, bruises and welts; his eyes were swollen almost shut, and his shirt front looked as if he had been butchering.

Hot words, and—That \$5,000 libel suit. Those lay behind the fight. The bitterness between Ford and Bowe has grown stronger during the last few days.

Mrs. Ford has been very sick and her



life has been hanging by a slender thread. Ford claims that Father Bowe met him on the street the other day and said contemptuously: "Well, is the old rip dead yet?"

Second Meeting Brought a Fight. Today they met again. Father Bowe was at the foot of the stairs to Fuller's barber shop, on Edgerton's principal street, when Ford passed.

The landing at the foot of Fuller's stairs is about eight feet square and has much to recommend it as an arena. Here the fight took place. Nobody heard what was said—what sharp interchange led to the first blow—and nobody saw the first part of the encounter.

It was short but savage. Father Bowe had an umbrella and struck vigorous blows. One left its mark on Ford's chest. The two men grappled, both striking lustily. Ford is the shorter man of the two but has the advantage of constant exercise.

He forced the priest backward and when both went down he landed on top. Father Bowe lay with his head on the lower stair and Ford resisted his attempt to arise with blows in the face. Each blow left its mark in a discolored bruise or a cut. A blow on the nose caused blood to spurt and mark both men.

Fighters Parted By Outsiders. Upstairs the noise of the fight was not heard. Those passing on the sidewalk ran in, however, and tried to part the angry men. Frank Atlesey and Frank Airis pulled Ford away and others helped Father Bowe to arise. As he stood up he began denouncing his antagonist.

"Don't you open your mouth again," said Ford hotly, "or I will punch you harder."

The priest went upstairs to the barber shop and there his wounds were dressed and the blood cleaned from his face. After a time he went down a back stairway and directly home. He did not appear on the street and made no statement of his side of the affair to anyone.

"It was not anything that was said today that made me hit Father Bowe," said Ford to a reporter. "What I was angry about was the remark he made about my wife. At that time we feared she would die and I didn't want any trouble, but I determined that the next time he said a word I would pound him."

Old Slander Case Recalled. As said before the fight dates back to the well-remembered Edgerton slander case. Mrs. Ford was Father Bowe's niece and for a time his housekeeper. Her uncle objected to her marriage to Ford and hard feeling grew up at once. Three years ago next month the day sacred to St. Valentine, and love was desecrated by somebody who sent Mrs. Ford three very offensive "comics." There were sentences penned on the margin that made blushes rise. Father Bowe was held responsible, and war made the defendant in a slander suit brought by Mrs. Ford. The case was taken from Rock county to Dans county and a Madison jury gave the plaintiff \$5,000 damages.

Getting a \$5,000 judgment is one thing. Collecting it is another. So far it has been impossible to find any property of Father Bowe's on which to levy. Supplementary proceedings were in vain and attachments valueless. With each fruitless attempt to satisfy the judgment bitterness has grown more intense. Its culmination in blows was not unexpected.

THEY STOOD AT CUPID'S SHRINE Pratt-Lundgreen.

Henry Pratt, of Janesville, and Carrie Lundgreen, of Pomeroy, Iowa, were married at the home of the bride's parents Thursday, January 10, 1895. Mr. Pratt is a son of Thomas Pratt, of the town of Janesville. He will return to Janesville with his bride next week, and engage in farming.

An Attractive Sign. Perhaps no sign in the city is just now attracting more attention than the one on the bridge known as Green & Allen, the Plumbers. It is not the fine work on the sign or the fine sign, but its the business of the people whose names are inscribed thereon. About this season of the year, when the mercury plays around zero for two or three days and then suddenly takes a jump above about 20 degrees, it tests on "a waste pipes, and then Green & Allen are looked up. Their telephone is No. 5.

Local Snows Coming Tonight. Forecast: Local snows tonight and colder. Sunday fair and warmer.

OLEOMARGARINE A FRAUD. National Dairy Union Denounces the Manufactured Butter.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—At yesterday's meeting of the National Dairy union short addresses were made by Representatives Hatch of Missouri and Grout of Vermont, Assistant Secretary Dabney of the agricultural department, ex-Gov. Hoard of Wisconsin, and others. It was declared that, as a manufactured imitation of butter, oleomargarine was a fraud upon the people. This, it was asserted, was equally true of filled cheese, which had helped to destroy European markets even for the best full cream cheese. A resolution was adopted petitioning congress to place "filled cheese" under the internal revenue laws, to tax it two cents per pound, and to require that dealers in filled cheese be licensed the same as the dealers in oleomargarine.

Can Not Agree as to the Reward. O'NEILL, Neb., Jan. 12.—The committee appointed by the board of supervisors to investigate the Scott matter and report upon the resolution which was introduced to offer a reward of \$3,000 for the apprehension of Scott's murderers has so far failed to report. It seems the committee is divided on the amount of reward to offer. Nothing has been heard from the posse at work in the north country looking for some trace of the missing man.

Ohio Republican League Speakers. CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 12.—The Ohio Republican league announces a magnificent list of speakers for their annual banquet in this city Lincoln's birthday, Feb. 12. The peculiar feature of the program is that all the speakers, except two are hotly contesting for the republican nomination for governor.

C. L. VALENTINE'S CHANCES GOOD Has the Inside Track for the Position of Game Warden.

C. L. Valentine is now said to have the inside track for the position of state game warden. The Milwaukee News says there is a lively scramble for the position, and there are no less than six applications from Winnebago county, the home of the present warden, who are willing to take Mr. Fernandez' place. "Among them," the News continues, "are A. B. Hooper, who is a son of the well known water power lawyer, Moses Hooper, J. N. Ruby, a contractor, Thomas Smith, a butcher, and William Bell, who also has the distinction of having a wealthy father."

"The grangers who are after the place from Winnebago county are Captain Johnson of Winnebago, and Joel Babcock, of Omro. Besides the Winnebago people there is a full band of candidates for the office in the persons of Thomas K. Dunn of Elroy; ex-Assemblyman Charles A. Hall of Oconto; John T. Ellarson, of Wautoma, who by the way is a member of the present assembly from Waushara county; George Keyes of Florence, and Charles Valentine, Janesville. The latter is said to have the inside track for the place, although the friends of Mr. Hall are working hard to secure the appointment for him."

TO READ THE PAPAL DECREE. Copies Are Being Prepared for Priests in This Diocese.

Several Janesville Catholics are said to have become members of secret societies in the last two months. They are much concerned over the papal decrees relating to secret societies, and learn with interest that the decree will not be read in the Catholic churches of this archdiocese Sunday. Mgr. Zeininger, vicar-general of the archdiocese, stated yesterday that the decree was being printed for circulation among the clergy. As the proof sheets have not been corrected yet, Mgr. Zeininger thinks that the decree will not be read until two weeks from Sunday, at the earliest. The decree will be read in all of the churches in the diocese on the same day. So far it has been read in but two or three of the eastern dioceses, as it is not obligatory that it be read all over the country at the same time, but at any time the archbishop may elect.

ASK FOR ANTI-TOXINE TO BE USED HERE

ANOTHER DEATH FROM DIPHTHERIA TODAY.

Doctors Receive Word that the New Remedy Can be Had in Chicago at Last—Cost Deters Them From Buying—Chance For the Council.

Anti-toxine is called for by local physicians to meet the spread of diphtheria. It has been clearly demonstrated that ninety per cent of those afflicted can be cured with the new remedy. For a month Janesville doctors have tried to get a supply for use in their own practice, but failed. The serum is now in the possession of Chicago druggists, however, and is offered to the profession, but its cost prevents many from investing.

It is urged that the common council should appoint a committee of local physicians, with instructions to visit at once the hospitals of the larger cities where the remedy is used, make themselves familiar with the modes of treatment, and then purchase a supply for use under the direction of the board of health. This course, it is declared, would be far cheaper than the ordinary expense of enforcing quarantine regulations.

"The antitoxine costs \$2.50 a phial," said a local druggist today, "and the phials hold a very small quantity. But the cost should not be counted if the anti-toxine is the remedy it is claimed to be."

Samples of anti-toxine will be received by two local physicians tonight. The retail price as quoted to them is about \$1 a drip.

Almost Crazed By Her Boy's Death. Little Arthur Donahoe, aged four years, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Donahoe, 254 South River street, died at 1 o'clock this morning of diphtheria, and was buried in Mount Olivet at 5 o'clock. Another son, George, aged ten years, is afflicted with the same disease, and is not expected to survive the day.

Mrs. Donahoe was almost crazed this morning when the undertaker took little Arthur from the home, before the body was fairly cold in death, and placed it in the ground. She sprang forward to clutch her baby from the arms of the undertaker, and fell headlong upon the floor in a faint, and it was only after persistent efforts that she was restored.

There have been two or three other cases of diphtheria, two being in the family of Mrs. Harding on North Jackson street where the quarantine has now been lifted. Another case is in Racine street, but is not considered dangerous.

SCRAPS OF NATURAL HISTORY. If a crawfish loses an eye a new one will grow in its place. A goose in Harrison county, N. Y., adopted a brood of motherless pigs. The musquito's bill is a tool box containing six distinct surgical implements. Experiments made in English colonies go to prove that the coal dust in the air is the cause of disastrous explosions which frequently follow blasting. A patriarchal lime tree, known as the Domlind or cathedral tree, has fallen at Brunswick, Germany. It was eighty-six feet high, and its girth was nineteen feet. There is an undoubted mention of it in a pamphlet written in 1492. Aerolites, or "meteorites," as they are sometimes called, usually fall singly, sometimes in pairs, and less frequently in showers as was the case in New Concordia, Ohio, in 1860, when nearly 200 red-hot stones fell in a field in broad daylight. Copper is one of the most useful metals, as it enters into combination with other metals to form thirteen of the common alloys. Copper in combination with tin, makes bath and bronze metal; with zinc, bell metal; with tin, antimony and bismuth, britannia metal. One of the Florida wonders is an immense volume of water that boils up in the middle of St. John's river at a place known as Devil's Elbow, one mile east of Palatka. Although soundings have been made at that place to a depth of sixty feet no bottom has been found. Most substances occupy a less space in the solid than in the liquid state; some, however, expand on solidifying, and water belongs to the second and smaller class. This expanding force is of extraordinary magnitude, and hollow bombs made of strong and thick metal have been burst by being first filled with water, and then thrown out into the open air on a frosty day. The United States entomological commission has shown that our forest trees are veritable hotels, where a multitude of insects board and lodge. The oak provides provision and a home for 300 species of insects and lodgings for 150 more. The elm makes full provision for the wants of 61 species and harbors 30 others. The pine bears the burden of supporting from its own vitality 151 species, while 20 more love its shady retreat.

Notice to Contractors and Builders. Having purchased the Shoppell Norris planing mill, I am now prepared to furnish estimates on all house-furnishing goods such as sash, doors, blinds, moulding, etc. I take possession of the mill February 1st, until that time please call at the Hub, 103 W. Milwaukee street. J. B. GREEN.

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Mrs. Donahoe was almost crazed this morning when the undertaker took little Arthur from the home, before the body was fairly cold in death, and placed it in the ground. She sprang forward to clutch her baby from the arms of the undertaker, and fell headlong upon the floor in a faint, and it was only after persistent efforts that she was restored.

There have been two or three other cases of diphtheria, two being in the family of Mrs. Harding on North Jackson street where the quarantine has now been lifted. Another case is in Racine street, but is not considered dangerous.

SCRAPS OF NATURAL HISTORY. If a crawfish loses an eye a new one will grow in its place. A goose in Harrison county, N. Y., adopted a brood of motherless pigs. The musquito's bill is a tool box containing six distinct surgical implements. Experiments made in English colonies go to prove that the coal dust in the air is the cause of disastrous explosions which frequently follow blasting. A patriarchal lime tree, known as the Domlind or cathedral tree, has fallen at Brunswick, Germany. It was eighty-six feet high, and its girth was nineteen feet. There is an undoubted mention of it in a pamphlet written in 1492. Aerolites, or "meteorites," as they are sometimes called, usually fall singly, sometimes in pairs, and less frequently in showers as was the case in New Concordia, Ohio, in 1860, when nearly 200 red-hot stones fell in a field in broad daylight. Copper is one of the most useful metals, as it enters into combination with other metals to form thirteen of the common alloys. Copper in combination with tin, makes bath and bronze metal; with zinc, bell metal; with tin, antimony and bismuth, britannia metal. One of the Florida wonders is an immense volume of water that boils up in the middle of St. John's river at a place known as Devil's Elbow, one mile east of Palatka. Although soundings have been made at that place to a depth of sixty feet no bottom has been found. Most substances occupy a less space in the solid than in the liquid state; some, however, expand on solidifying, and water belongs to the second and smaller class. This expanding force is of extraordinary magnitude, and hollow bombs made of strong and thick metal have been burst by being first filled with water, and then thrown out into the open air on a frosty day. The United States entomological commission has shown that our forest trees are veritable hotels, where a multitude of insects board and lodge. The oak provides provision and a home for 300 species of insects and lodgings for 150 more. The elm makes full provision for the wants of 61 species and harbors 30 others. The pine bears the burden of supporting from its own vitality 151 species, while 20 more love its shady retreat.

Notice to Contractors and Builders. Having purchased the Shoppell Norris planing mill, I am now prepared to furnish estimates on all house-furnishing goods such as sash, doors, blinds, moulding, etc. I take possession of the mill February 1st, until that time please call at the Hub, 103 W. Milwaukee street. J. B. GREEN.

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"TOMB AND TEMPLE."**DR. TALMAGE WRITES OF HIS TRAVELS IN INDIA.**

From India Even Unto Ethiopia" as the Text for His Sermon Through the Press—The Gilded Palaces of Eastern Idolatry.



N HIS SERMON through the press, dated Brooklyn, Jan. 6, Dr. Talmage writes as follows: In all the Bible this is the only book in which the word India occurs, but it stands for a realm of vast interest in the time of Esther as in our time. It yielded then as now spices, and silks, and cotton, and rice, and indigo, and ores of all richness, and precious stones of all sparkle, and had a civilization of its own as marked as Egyptian or Grecian or Roman civilization. It holds the costliest tomb ever built, and the most unique and idolatrous temple ever opened. For practical lessons, in this my sixth discourse in "round the world" series, I show you that tomb and temple of India.

In a journey around the world it may not be easy to tell the exact point which divides the pilgrimage into halves. But there was one structure toward which we were all the time traveling, and having seen that, we felt that if we saw nothing more, our expedition would be a success. That one object was the Taj Mahal of India. It is the crown of the whole earth. The spirits of architecture met to enthroned a king, and the spirit of the Parthenon of Athens was there; and the spirit of St. Sophia of Constantinople was there; and the spirit of St. Isaac of St. Petersburg was there; and the spirit of the Baptistery of Pisa was there; and the spirits of the Great Pyramid, and of Luxor Obelisk, and of the Porcelain Tower of Nankin, and of St. Mark's of Venice; and the spirits of all the great towers, great cathedrals, great mausoleums, great sarcophagi, great capitolis for the living, and of great necropolises for the dead, were there. And the presiding genius of the throng with gavel of Parian marble smote the table of Russian malachite, and called the spirits to order, and called a vote as to which spirit should wear the chief crown, and mount the chief throne, and wave the chief scepter, and by unanimous acclaim the cry was: "Long live the spirit of the Taj, king of all the spirits of architecture! Thine is the Taj Mahal of India!"

The building is about six miles from Agra, and as we rode out in the early dawn we heard nothing but the hoofs and wheels that pulled and turned us along the road, at every yard of which our expectation rose until we had some thought that we might be disappointed at the first glimpse, as some say they were disappointed. But how can any one be disappointed with the Taj is almost as great a wonder to me as the Taj itself. There are some people always disappointed, and who knows but that having entered heaven they may criticize the architecture of the temple, and the cut of the white robes, and say that the river of life is not quite up to their expectations, and that the white horses on which the conquerors ride seem a little spring-halt or spavined?

My son said, "There it is!" I said, "Where?" For that which he saw to be the building seemed to me to be more like the morning cloud blushing under the stare of the rising sun. It seemed not so much built up from earth as let down from heaven. Fortunately, you stop at an elaborated gateway of red sandstone one eighth of a mile from the Taj, an entrance so high, so arched, so graceful, so four domed, so painted and chiseled and scrolled that you come very gradually upon the Taj, which structure is enough to intoxicate the eye, and stun the imagination, and entrance the soul. We go up the winding stairs of this majestic entrance of the gateway, and buy a few pictures and examine a few curios, and from it look off upon the Taj, and descend to the pavement of the garden that raptures everything between the gateway and the ecstasy of marble and precious stones. You pass along a deep stream of water in which all manner of brilliant fins swirl and float. There are eighty-four fountains that spout, and bend, and arch themselves to fall in showers of pearl in basins of snowy whiteness. Beds of all imaginable flora greet the nostril before they do the eye, and seem to roll in waves of colors as you advance toward the vision you are soon to have of what human genius did when it did its best: moon flowers, lilac, marigolds, tulips, and almost everywhere the lotus; thickets of bewildering bloom; on either side trees from many lands bend their adolescence over your head, or seem with convoluted branches to reach out their arms toward you in welcome. On and you go amid tamarind, and cypress, and poplar, and oleander, and yew, and sycamore, and banyan, and palm, and trees of such novel branch and leaf, and girth, you cease to ask their names or nativity. As you approach the door of the Taj you experience a strange sensation of awe, and tenderness, and humility, and worship. The building is only a grave, but what a grave! Built for a queen who, according to some was very good, and according to others very bad. I choose to think she was very good. At any rate, it makes me feel better to think that this commemorative pile was set up for the immortalization of virtue rather than vice. The Taj is a mountain of white marble, but never such walls faced each other with exquisiteness; never such a tomb was cut from block of alabaster; never

such a congregation of precious stones brightened, and gloomed, and blazed, and chastened, and glorified a building since sculptor's chisel cut its first curve, or painter's pencil traced its first figure, or mason's plumb line measured its first wall, or architect's compass swept its first circle.

The Taj has sixteen great arched windows, four at each corner. Also at each of the four corners of the Taj stands a minaret 137 feet high. Also at each side of this building is a splendid mosque of red sandstone. Two hundred and fifty years has the Taj stood, and yet not a wall is cracked, nor a mosaic loosened, nor an arch sagged, nor a panel dulled. The storms of 250 winters have not marred, nor the heats of 250 summers disintegrated a marble. There is no story of age written by mosses on its white surface. Montaz, the queen, was beautiful, and Shah Jehan, the king, here proposed to let all the centuries of time know it. She was married at 20 years of age and died at 29. Her life ended as another life began; as the rose bloomed the rose bush perished. To adorn this dormitory of the dead, at the command of the king, Bagdad sent to this building its cornelian, and Ceylon its lapis lazuli, and Punjab its jasper, and Persia its amethyst, and Thibet its turquoise, and Lanka its sapphire, and Yemen its agate, and Punah its diamonds; and blood-stones, and sardonyx, and chaledony, and moss agates as common as though they were pebbles. You find one spray of vine beset with eighty and another with one hundred stones. Twenty thousand men were twenty years in building it, and although the labor was slave labor, and not paid for, the building cost what would be about \$60,000,000 of our American money. Some of the jewels have been picked out of the wall by iconoclasts or conquerors, and substitutes of less value have taken their places; but the vines, the traceries, the arabesques, the spandrels, the entablatures are so wondrous that you feel like dating the rest of your life from the day you first saw them. In letters of black marble the whole of the Koran is spelled out in and on this august pile. The king sleeps in the tomb beside the queen, although he intended to build a palace as black as this was white on the opposite side of the river for himself to sleep in. Indeed, the foundation of such a necropolis of black marble is still there, and from the white to the black temple of the dead a bridge was to cross; but the son dethroned him and imprisoned him, and it is wonderful that the king had any place at all in which to be buried. Instead of windows to let in the light upon the two tombs, there is a trellis work of marble, marble cut so delicately thin that the sun shines through it as easily as through glass. Look the world over and find so much translucency; canopies, traceries, lace work, embroideries of stone.

In these Elephanta Caves everything is on a Samsonian and Titanian scale. With chisels that were dropped from nerveless hands at least eight centuries ago, the forms of the gods Brahma, and Vishnu, and Siva were cut into the everlasting rock. Siva is here represented by a figure sixteen feet nine inches high one half man and one half woman. Run a line from the forehead straight to the floor of the rock, and you divide this idol into masculine and feminine. Admired as this idol is by many, it was to me about the worst thing that was ever cut into porphyry, perhaps because there is hardly anything on earth so objectionable as a being half man and half woman. Do be one or the other, my hearer. Man is admirable, and woman is admirable, but either in flesh or trap rock a compromise of the two is hideous. Save us from effeminate men and masculine women.

Yonder is the King Ravana worshipping. Yonder is the sculptured representation of the marriage of Shiva and Karhati. Yonder is Daksha, the son of Brahma, born from the thumb of his right hand. He had sixty daughters. Seventeen of those daughters were married to Kasyapa and became mothers of the human race. Yonder is a god with three heads. The center god has a crown wound with necklaces of skulls. The right hand god is in a paroxysm of rage, with forehead of snakes, and in his hand is a cobra. The left hand god has pleasure in all its features and the hand has a flower. But there are gods and goddesses in all directions. The chief temple of this rock is 130 feet square and has twenty-six pillars rising to the roof. After the conquerors of other lands, and the tourists from all lands have chipped, and defaced, and blasted, and carried away curios and mementos for museums and homes, there are enough entrancements left to detain one, unless he is cautious, until he is down with some of the malarias which encompass this land, or get bitten with some of its snakes. Yes, I felt the chilly dampness of the place, and left this congress of gods, this pandemonium of demons, this pantheon of different deities, and came to the steps and looked off upon the waters which rolled and flashed, around the steam yacht that was waiting to return with us to Bombay. As we stepped aboard, our minds filled with the idols of the Elephanta Caves, I was impressed as never before with the thought that man must have a religion of some kind, even if he has to contrive one himself, and he must have a god, even though he make it with his own hand. I rejoice to know the day will come when the one God of the universe will be acknowledged throughout India.

That evening of our return to Bombay I visited the Young Men's Christian association with the same appointments that you find in the Young Men's Christian associations of Europe and America, and the night after that I addressed a throng of native children who are in the schools of the Christian missions. Christian universities gather

under their wing of benediction a host of the young men of this country. Bombay and Calcutta, the two great commercial cities of India, feel the elevating power of an aggressive Christianity. Episcopalian liturgy and Presbyterian Westminster catechism, and Methodist anxious seat, and Baptist waters of consecration now stand where once basest idolatries had undisputed sway. The work which shoe-maker Carey inaugurated at Serampore, India, translating the Bible into forty different dialects, and leaving his wornout body amid the natives whom he had come to save, and going up into the heavens from which he can better watch all the field—that work will be completed in the salvation of the millions of India; and beside him gazing from the same high places stand Bishop Heber, and Alexander Duff, and John Scudder, and Mackay, who fell at Delhi, and Montieff, who fell at Cawnpore, and Polehampton, who fell at Lucknow, and Freeman, who fell at Futtighur, and all heroes and heroines who, for Christ's sake, lived and died for the Christianization of India; and their heaven will not be complete until the Ganges that washes the Ghats of heathen temples shall roll between churches of the living God, and the trampled womanhood of Hindooism shall have all the rights purchased by him who amid the cuts and stabs of his own assassination cried out: "Behold thy mother!" and from Bengal Bay to Arabian ocean, and from the Himalayas to the coast of Coromandel there be lifted hosannas to Him who died to redeem all nations. In that Elephanta Cave will be one of the places where idols are cast to the moles and bats. If any clergyman asks me, as an unbelieving minister of religion once asked the duke of Wellington, "Do you not think the work of converting the Hindoos is all a practical farce?" I answer him as Wellington answered the unbelieving minister: "Look to your marching orders, sir!" Or if any one having joined in the gospel attack feels like retreating, I say to him, as Gen. Havelock said to a retreating regiment, "The enemy are in front, not in the rear," and leading them again into the fight, though two horses had been shot under him.

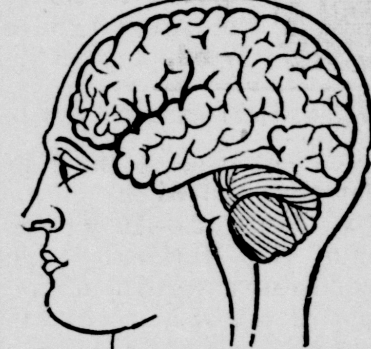
Indeed, the taking of this world for Christ will be no holiday celebration, but as tremendous as when in India during the mutiny of 1857, a fortress manned by Sepoys was to be captured by Sir Colin Campbell and the army of Britain. The Sepoys hurled upon the attacking columns burning missiles, and grenades, and fired on them shot and shell, and poured on them from the ramparts burning oil, until, a writer who witnessed it says, "It was a picture of pandemonium." Then Sir Colin addressed his troops, saying, "Remember the women and children must be rescued!" and his men replied: "Ay! Ay! Sir Colin! We stood by you at Balaklava, and will stand by you here!" And then came the triumphant assault of the battlements. So in this gospel campaign which proposes capturing the very last citadel of idolatry and sin, and hoisting over it the banner of the cross, we may have hurled upon us mighty opposition, and scorn, and obloquy, and many may fall before the work is done, yet at every call for new onset, let the cry of the church be "Ay! ay! Great captain of our salvation; we stood by thee in other conflicts, and we will stand by thee to the last!" And then, if not in this world, then from the battlements of the next, as the last Apollonyon fortification shall crash into ruin, we will join in the shout: "Thanks be unto God who giveth us the vic o'ry!" "Hallelujah! for the Lord God omnipotent reigneth."

MYSTERIES!

The Nervous System the Seat of Life and Mind. Recent Wonderful Discoveries.

No mystery has ever compared with that of human life. It has been the leading subject of professional research and study in all ages. But notwithstanding this fact it is not generally known that the seat of life is located in the upper part of the spinal cord near the base of the brain, and so sensitive is this portion of the nervous system that even the prick of a needle will cause instant death.

Recent discoveries have demonstrated that all the organs of the body are under the control of the nerve centers, located in or near the base of the brain, and that when these re-deranged the organs which they supply with nerve fluid are also deranged. When it is remembered that a serious injury to the spinal cord will cause paralysis of the body below the injured point, because the nerve force is prevented by the injury from reaching the paralyzed portion, it will be understood how the derangement of the nerve centers will cause the derangement of the various organs which they supply with nerve force. Two-thirds of chronic diseases are due to the imperfect action of the nerve centers at the base of the brain, not from a derangement primarily originating in the organ itself. The great mistake of physicians in treating these diseases is that they treat the organ rather than the nerve centers which are the cause of the trouble. Dr. FRANKLIN MILES, the celebrated specialist, has profoundly studied this subject for over 20 years, and has made many important discoveries in connection with it, chief among them being the facts contained in the above statement, and that the ordinary means of treatment are wrong. All headache, dizziness, dullness, confusion, pressure, lumbago, mania, melancholy, insanity, epilepsy, nervous dance, etc., are nervous diseases no matter how caused. The wonderful success of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is due to the fact that it is based on the foregoing principle. DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVINE is sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or sent direct by Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, \$1 per bottle, six bottles for \$5 express prepaid. It contains neither opiates nor dangerous drugs.

**War Book Coupon.**

Send in bring one of these coupons and 10 cents in silver and get one pair of the Great Story of the War two cents extra sent

\$50.00 REWARD.

We will pay the above amount to anyone who will produce substantial evidence that we are not selling what shoes we have of Marzluff & Co. make at exactly what we paid that factory.

Anybody can come and get a pair of the shoes, take them to the factory and convince themselves that the prices we charge is what we paid.

It is not our intention to injure anybody's business. Far from it. We believe in protecting home industries, but at same time we must protect ourselves. We would no doubt have been buying the Marzluff make of shoes direct from the factory at the present time, had not this factory refused sell us more goods, consequently we were compelled to replace the stock with some other make, and as we have about \$3,000 worth of the Marzluff goods, we decided to let them go at the factory cost. Instead of quitting the stock in 30 days, if not sold then we will continue as long as it lasts and will always

Sell at Factory COST.

We will use the line as a leader because they are made right at home and all you need to do is step over to the factory and learn what price we paid.

NOTE THE SHOES. STUDY THE PRICES.

Marzluff's Handturned Pat Quarters, Factory cost	\$2.50
" 7 Button Cloth tops	2.50
" Opera and Commo Sense toes, factory cost	2.25
" Goodyerr Welts,	2.10
" Fine Dongola Pat. Tips	2.10
" " Cloth Tops	2.00
" " Front Lace	2.00
" " Pat. Tips	1.60
" " Plain Toe	1.50

We make no Reserve. Any shoe in the store at what we paid the factory. New Stock by Feb. 1, and the old line must be out of the way. Take advantage of this grand opportunity. We pay for what we buy and reserve the right to sell it as cheap as we please.

BROWN BROTHERS & LINCOLN.

THE POOR MAN'S FRIENDS.

FASHIONABLE COLORS.

Striking Contrasts in Millinery and Waists as Well as Gowns.

As the season advances bonnets grow lighter and flowers more plentiful on them as well as cream lace. Winter bonnets were never so smart as now, and yet they are large and comfortable on the head. Most of the brown felts have sable tails and tufts of violets as well as a large choux or bows of prairie velvet. Dahlias have gone off somewhat. Probably they did not take, as this flower proved somewhat hard against some faces, while there are other flowers becoming to all. The prune colored full blown roses are lovely. In fact, the whole range of mauves and violets—the darker the better—is fashionable in flowers as well as materials. The prettiest hats have the plateau brim. These are the most distinguished looking, but are only becoming to young faces.

A catholicity of taste in regard to color, ornament and cut of evening gowns prevails. It is seldom that one material alone



EVENING TOILET.

is employed, but the combination may be limited to two sorts of goods or may include half a dozen. Velvet is almost the only stuff which is made up without anything else, and then there are usually an ample berth of lace and sleeve furnishings of the same thing. A juxtaposition of light and dark tones is frequently employed to give a more decided character to a gown, light maize being trimmed with deep violet, mauve with wine color, pale green with crimson or black.

The same principle holds good in regard to separate bodices for wear with different skirts. A lemon colored corsage, for instance, may be trimmed very effectively with choux and bretelles of olive green or garnet velvet, while a blouse of white chiffon may be accepted by black accessories.

The evening toilet shown in the sketch is composed of pale green liberty velvet. The front is slightly draped and worked on each side by a scarf of green mouseline de soie, held in the middle by a choux. The foot of the front is ornamented with a motif of white embroidery. A puffing of mouseline de soie edges the back of the skirt. The round waist has two full scarfs of mouseline de soie crossing in front and framing the décolletage. At the back they open over a glimpse of pale green silk. The short, puffed sleeves have tight epaulettes of guipure, and the shoulders are adorned with knots of fuchsia velvet. A wide, draped belt of fuchsia velvet encircles the waist.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

THE QUESTION OF LACING.

Abnormally Small Waists Are Surely Going Out of Style.

The English journals devoted to the interests of ladies are once more protesting against the custom of tight lacing, and one of them makes the curious calculation that there are in England about 3,543,000 corset wearers whose united girths should be 96,661,000 inches, whereas there is a deficit of 223 miles in waist, all lost by tight lacing. The wearing of corsets to the extent and after the fashion of so many so called "leaders of society" has indeed become a deplorable evil. Nature never intended human bodies to be incased in strong inelastic structures that bend the ribs inward and prevent the proper performance of the functions of the internal organs.

Abnormally small waists are far commoner in England than in France or America, but they are occasionally seen even here. A secondary evil attendant on



RECEPTION TOILET.

this practice nobody seems to have noticed as yet—that is, that a woman who has achieved a wasp waist will not wear a coat or wrap when she goes out of doors so long as she can possibly keep her teeth from audibly chattering without it; hence arises a host of illnesses that have no apparent connection with compression of the waist, such as neuralgia, influenza, catarrh and bronchial difficulties. Fortunately we are, as a nation, not especially addicted to either tight lacing or cosmetics, but there are nevertheless many women among us who consider these a necessary condition of beauty and fashion. Compared with the previous generation, however, who thought anything above an 18 inch waist clumsy, we are a race of Hebes. The world do move very slowly.

The illustration shows a reception toilet of violet bengaline. The skirt has a cluster of plaits on either side, and the foot is ornamented with applications of guipure. The bodice is draped back and front, the draped portions being fastened at the shoulders by choux of violet velvet. The under portion of the bodice is covered with guipure back and front, a wrinkled velvet collar encircling the throat. The puffed sleeves of bengaline have a velvet cuff and deep epaulettes of guipure. The belt is of velvet.

JUDIC CHOLLET.



Columbus Discovered America,

We Keep it Clean

With

Santa Claus Soap.

Sold everywhere made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY Chicago

Doubt About Insurance.

Insuring in a questionable company is like depositing in a shaky bank. Both concerns may pull through, but why take the risk? Read this list:

Royal Insurance Company	Net Surplus, \$2,185,842.
Buffalo German	Net Surplus, \$1,000,540.
New Hampshire Fire Insurance Company	Net Surplus, \$ 434,639.
Traders' Insurance Company	Net Surplus, \$1,203,516.
Commercial Union Assurance Company	Net Surplus, \$ 334,833.
Northwestern National Insurance Company	Net Surplus, \$ 401,889.
Pennsylvania National Fire Insurance Company	Net Surplus, \$1,290,174.

All these Companies are Represented in my Agency,

The figures quoted suggest Safety, Reliability and Ample Protection These are points worth considering,

SILAS HAYNER, Room 10, Jackson Block.

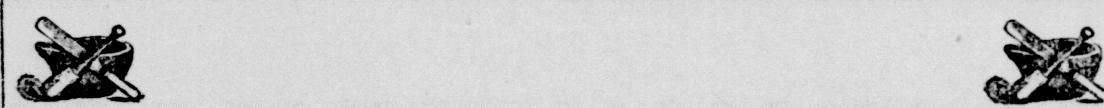
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Without change of cars. All meals served in dining cars. Palace drawing room sleeping cars and tourist sleepers are run through to San Francisco without change, with annex sleeping cars to Los Angeles, leaving Chicago daily via

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Variable route tourist tickets, taking in all principal points of interest, and allowing special privileges without extra cost, also excursion tickets to the health and pleasure resorts of the South on sale at VERY LOW RATES. Detailed information can be obtained on application to agent

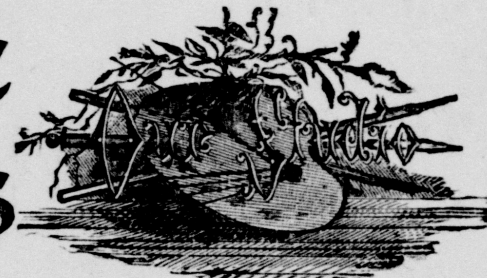
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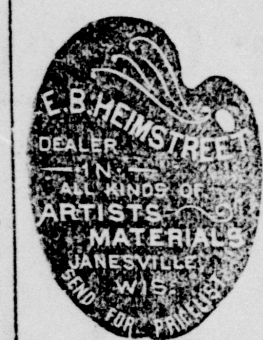
Placques Crayons



—AND—

BRUSHES

THIS WEEK.



RESTORED MANHOOD DR. MOTT'S NERVE TONIC PILLS
The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Falling or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every \$5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.
Sold by Prentice & Evenson, Janesville

EVERY WOMAN
Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get
Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills
They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00.
PRENTICE & EVENSON, Janesville, Wis

NIGHT : OR : DAY PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Heimstreet's Drug Store.
FINE WATCH REPAIRING.
HIGH CLASS
Jewelry Work A Specialty.
R. A. HORN,
No. South Main Street.

Dr. Geo. H. McCausey,
SURGEON DENTIST.
Office in Tallman's Block, Opp. First Nat Bank, W. Milwaukee St.
Janesville. - Wisconsin.
A. J. BAKER,
FIRE AND A CIDENT INSURANCE.
REAL ESTATE.
And Money to Loan
ROOM 5
SMITH'S BLOCK, Janesville, Wis.
DR. E. EVERETT,
Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat,
Madison, Wis., Office Pioneer-Villas Bldg.
HOURS—9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.
Sundays: 9:30 to 10:30 a. m., 12 to 1 p. m.
JANESVILLE, Wis., Tuesdays, Myers House 3 to 5 p. m.

Send the News Everywhere : In Groceries.

PREDOMINATING....

We defy the world on CANNED GOODS. We handle none but the best and can suit the taste of the most fastidious.

Best Packing

Best Cherries in gallon cans	50c
Best Apples in gallon cans	25c
Best Tomatoes in gallon cans	20c
Best Pine Apples, 2 pound can	10c
Best Black Berries, 2 pound can	10c
Green Gage Plums 2 pound can	10c
Best Goose Berries 2 pound can	10c

CURTICE BROS. FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, A FULL LINE AT COST.

Flour! Flour! Flour!

THE "CORNER STONE" AND "JERSEY LILY."

Take your choice, the best made, every pound guaranteed. Special Price in 5 Sack lots.

Synder's Soups, all kinds, Swiss Cheese,

Pine Apple Cheese, Brick Cheese, American Cheese, Edam Cheese, Sage Cheese,

Sweet Mixed Pickles in bulk, per quart	20c
Best Bulk Olives, per quart	15c

DUNN BROTHERS.

Telephone 179.

123 W. Milwaukee st.

MONEY RAISING

SHOE SALE.

We will make an effort to turn our entire stock into cash within the next 60 days or by March 1. If prices will do it, we will have no trouble. Note below what we will do for you.

Strong & Carroll's Fine Hand-Sewed Shoes, Shell Cordovan \$6 and \$7 shoes go at	\$4.00
Strong & Carroll's Fine Hand-Sewed Shoes, Kangaroo, \$6 and \$7 shoes go at	\$4.00
67 prs Men's Calf Shoes, lace and congress, \$3 shoes go at	\$2.25
81 prs " " " " " \$1.50 shoes go at	1.15
All the Men's Lace and Congress calf welt shoes, all style toes \$4 shoes go at	3.00
Harry Grey's French Kid, Hand-turned shoes, \$6 shoes go at	3.00
Burt's " " " " " \$5 and \$6 shoes go at	2.50
A. J. Johnson's, of Rochester Hand-turned French kid \$4 shoes go at	2.00
\$1,000 worth of the Richardson & Norcross make go at and below cost.	
A large line of \$1.75 Dongola Pat. Leather tip go at	1.30
All the \$2.25 shoes go at	1.75
78 prs boys shoes, worth \$2 go at	1.35
A lot of Youth's shoes, lace, worth \$1.25	1.00
Misses and Children's Shoes in Proportion.	

We must have money. We have too many shoes. If you want them cheap, come to us now. March 1 is the end of the time we give you.

LLOYD & SON,
57 W. Milwaukee St.

BRIEF BITS OF LOCAL GOSSIP.

The greatest sale of 1895 stands out in bold type on the 4th page. T. J. Ziegler.

Cold weather don't keep people from getting out to obtain the bargains in cloaks at T. P. Burns.

Nor are those prices; Ziegler has made on clothing for next week. They are on the fourth page.

All fur coats, ulsters, overcoats, suits, boys' clothing, underwear, caps and gloves at half price. S. D. Grubb.

No difference how the weather is, the people will come to us for the bargains we are offering in cloaks. T. P. Burns.

Every article we sell we guarantee. Its our object to reduce the stock by Feb. 7. And we are naming the prices that are doing the work. T. J. Ziegler.

You'll find plenty of bargains in our children's department, the largest and the finest in the city. Your money back if goods don't suit. T. J. Ziegler.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of Oak Hill cemetery association will be held at the office of the secretary, Wednesday next, January 16, at 7:30 p. m. Volney Atwood, Pres. L. J. Barrows, Sec.

REV. MATT EVANS, Merrill, Wis., says "There have come into our home many medicines for colds and coughs, but after using Dr. Hale's Cough Cordial we want no other and regard it the best." For sale by Prentice & Evenson.

"The Sun would not knowingly let any person astray on the subject of patent medicines, but it knows that Hale's Cough Cordial will take a cough by the nape of the neck and shake it out of the lungs, as quick as lightning. That is 48 hour lightning." Gov. Peck of Wisconsin. For sale by Prentice & Evenson.

PERHAPS you'll read our ad. today and buy your clothing elsewhere, but some day you will run across a friend looking as dresy as yourself, or cressier and finding that he got his clothes from us for less money than you ever paid for yours, you'll marvel at your own short sightedness. T. J. Ziegler.

WHAT strikes others will strike you. All humanity is streaked here and there with the same sentiments. If our cash or easy payment system will eling about others' memories, it surely should stick to yours. We are fitting out homes every day; the people pay us a little money down and meet the balance weekly or monthly. It's easy. Frank D. Kimball

WHIMS AND NOTIONS.

Massachusetts has a company that insures against losses by burglars.

The name of the petrel is derived from Peter, because they appear to walk on the water.

THE Royal Baking Powder is the purest and strongest baking powder made. It has received the highest award at the U. S. Gov't official investigation, and at all the Great International Expositions and World's Fairs wherever exhibited in competition with others.

It makes the finest, lightest, sweetest, most wholesome bread, cake and pastry. More economical than any other leavening agent.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 105 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

PROTESTANTISM IN SPAIN.

Liberal Sentiments Prevail, and the New Movement Will Be Free.

Notwithstanding the strong pressure brought to bear upon the Spanish government by the powerful ultramontane and clerical party in the peninsula, the cabinet has announced its decision to abstain from any further interference with the Protestant church at Madrid, the consecration of which by the Protestant archbishop of Dublin about a year ago gave rise to a serious political crisis, says the New York Tribune. For a time the church was closed by order of the authorities; but more liberal views have since prevailed and in the cortes the other day the minister of justice declared that the government considered itself bound to respect that clause of the constitution which provided for liberty of conscience, freedom of divine worship, and religious toleration. The constantly growing Protestant element in Spain is, therefore, henceforth secure from molestation, so far as the civil authorities are concerned.

A Veteran Inventor.

"In a quaint old house at 609 Marshall street," says the Philadelphia Record, "lives Frank O. Deschamps,

who, although over 70 years old, has been inventing things all his life. Mr. Deschamps is as active as a boy of 20, lives all alone amid his models and contrivances; cooks his own meals, acts as his own housekeeper, and is as happy as the day is long. Mr. Deschamps' first invention of note was the artificial leg. It was over fifty years ago when Mr. Deschamps, then an apprentice, was asked by his master to see what he could do for a foppish Frenchman who had lost a leg. At that time only wooden pegs were known and the Frenchman was dissatisfied with this by no means elegant substitute. In two days young Deschamps had finished a complete model of an artificial leg, with every movement of the natural limb duplicated. His master had it patented and it yielded him a fortune. 'I got 50 cents out of it,' laughingly remarked Deschamps. 'The Frenchman gave me that and told me to go over to Smith's island and enjoy myself. And I thought I was in great luck at that.'

FEWER HOT BOXES NOW.

Improvements Have About Done Away With This Railway Annoyance. Those who have traveled much by rail are more or less acquainted with

the hot box. A hot box, as it is commonly called, really means a hot journal bearing or a hot journal, or both. It arises sometimes from the use of poor material in the bearing, sometimes on account of imperfect casting, and sometimes from too great weight upon the bearing, producing friction and heat.

There are now far fewer hot boxes than formerly. Some of the heaviest cars are now carried upon six-wheeled trucks, thus distributing the weight of each end of the car upon six journal bearings instead of four, and reducing the danger of excessive friction. Better materials are used and the workmanship upon them is better, weights to be carried are calculated more nicely, and greater care is exercised in operation, so that the hot box is not what it once was. A man thoroughly familiar with railroading who made not long ago a trip of 10,000 miles which included points as far apart as the City of Mexico, San Francisco and Chicago, said that he did not encounter a hot box until he was within twenty miles of New York on his return.

CHRIS KINGLIE of Kenosha committed suicide.

"WHEN GREEK MEETS GREEK"

We advertise only what we have and exactly as it is. Now that we are going into the planing mill business Feb. 1, we have no use for this stock of merchandise, and all we care to do is to realize about 85c on the dollar out of it. The prices we offer the goods at are exactly what we paid for them in Chicago, New York and other cities. We lose the freight and drayage.

100 Breakfast Plates at	- - - -	5c
6 Central Draft Lamps at	- - - -	\$3.00
6 Decorated Lamps	- - - -	1.00
6 Night Lamps at	- - - -	25c
6 Hanging Lamps at	- - - -	3.00
200 Heavy Banded Tumblers, doz	- - - -	50c
200 Blown glass Tumblers, banded, doz	- - - -	40c
200 Beer Tumblers, doz	- - - -	90c
50 large platters, each	- - - -	25c
2 doz fancy glass Castors, at	- - - -	65c
2 doz Corsets, each	- - - -	25c
Men's Heavy Underwear garment	- - - -	30c
Men's Shirts from	- - - -	15c to 30c
Table Linen per yard	- - - -	18c
Bath Towels each	- - - -	8c
100 yd spools of Silk Thread	- - - -	7c
1 Fancy Cashier's Desk	- - - -	6.00

We Save You From 40 to 48 1-8 Per Cent.

THE : HUB,

J. B. Green & Co.

103 W. Milwaukee.

BANKRUPT SALE OF CLOTHING,

7 AND 9 S. RIVER STREET.
LOOK FOR SIGN.

It isn't necessary to wear anything but All Wool. You're no gainer by it.

We are selling in our store at 7 and 9 South River street, Boys' All Wool 2 Piece Suits, that are worth two or three cheap unsatisfactory cotton-mixed suits

\$1, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50

Spendid values in boys all wool long hose, we mean the kind that every other clothing house in the city gets 35c for

19c=19c

Then again we have about 100 pairs of Boys' Knee Pants, ages 4 to 14 years the regular 50c, 75c and 90c pants

35c

We are not afraid of the low price hurting them in your judgment, after you handle them. We bought the stock at 50c on the dollar and are giving you the advantage of it. Lots of comfort in these \$12 men's suits, for

\$6.00

FRANK H. BAACK,

7 AND 9 S RIVER STREET.

We Will
DELIVER MONDAY.

Leave Your Orders
Tonight for

GROCERIES!

You want, as we will sell at

EXACT COST!

to us until 12 o'clock. Come in or telephone 168 and we will deliver whatever you order Monday. Everything in the grocery line at wholesale cost until we close tonight at 12 o'clock.

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY

YOU CAN EAT CHEAP FOR A WHILE.

A. C. MUNGER.

Telephone, 168.

20 North Main Street.